

... Reinventing Single Cell Analysis

# **Amphasys Introduction**

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### Contents



- Introduction to Impedance Flow Cytometry
- From sample to result
  - Measurement principles
  - Lab-on-chip technology
- Measurement procedure
- Summary
- Contact and useful links





Electrical **Impedance** is opposition to a current in a circuit when an alternating voltage is applied The cells are suspended in a conductive **Fluid** 

#### Impedance Flow Cytometry



Electrical properties of cells are **Measured** 

# Impedance Flow Cytometry (IFC)





#### How we measure cells...





#### How we measure cells...





# ...lots of cells





### What do we see in a scatterplot?





# Understanding the axis





# AmphaZ32 System – Where to find what





# AmphaZ32 System - Fluidics

- Silicone and Teflon tubing system which transports the sample
- Sample tube
- Peristaltic pump
- Chip
- Flow sensor
- Waste



Ampha 232





# AmphaZ32 System – The sample pathway

- Sample aspiration
- Measurement
- Flow Meter
- Waste bottle





# AmphaZ32 System - Electronics



- Periphery Board
- Pinch valves
- Stepper Motor
- Front-LED
- Flow Sensor
- Power Switch
- Power cable (for Control Board)
- Coax cables (connected to Control Board)





- Periphery Board
- Control Board
- Sensor Driver Board
- Sensor Receiver Board

# AmphaZ32 System – Amphasys Laptop

- Buying from Amphasys makes your life easier !!! (20% of our Support cases are dealing with "self-bought" customer laptops/ computers)
- Meets all minimum requirements
  - i5 64 bit dual core processor or higher (recommended: i7)
  - 8 GB RAM
  - At least 128 GB SSD (recommended: 256 GB SSD)
  - Full HD screen (screen resolution 1920x1080, recommended: 15' screen)
  - Windows 7 or 10 Pro (ASCII)
  - OpenGL 3.3 graphics card or higher
  - At least 2 free USB 2.0 connectors
  - Internet access (WLAN or Ethernet)
  - USB-Mouse
- Comes pre-configured





# AmphaZ32 System – Amphasys Laptop

- Comes pre-configured
- USB-to-Ethernet Adapter
- Needs to be cofigured







# AmphaZ32 System – Licensing

- License types
  - User licenses
    - Professional
      - Typically in a bundle of 3 licenses
      - Offline and online operation mode
      - Advanced data analysis options
    - Standard
      - Typically a single license
      - Online operation mode only
      - No advanced data analysis options
  - Measurement licenses
    - Unlimited
    - Measurement and/or time-limited
- Stored in Instrument
- Connected laptop/ computer can obtain license
  - 1 Activation = -1 License on Instrument





#### AmphaZ32 System - Chips

- Mesaurement Chips
  - Letter/ Channel size coded
  - $(A 15\mu m) B 30\mu m$ ,  $C 50\mu m$ ,  $F 80\mu m$ ,  $D 120\mu m$ ,  $E 250\mu m$
  - Choice of Chip very important for succesful measurement

- Calibration Chip
  - Defined Resistance, For Maintenance/ Support only
  - Calib1 12kOhm, Calib2 30kOhm

- Cleaning Chip
  - Mandatory for cleaning with Ethanol
  - Optional for cleaning with AmphaClean









# From Sample to Result





#### © Amphasys

#### From Sample to Result

- Sucessful measurement require good preparation of settings
  - Garbage in → Garbage out
- <u>Recommendation list for buffers, filters, chips and settings</u>

#### AmphaFluid Buffer List

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The following AmphaFluid (AF) buffers for measurement of pollen (po) or microspores (msp) are best practise suggestions. They are most likely to produce good results for viability, development stages and ploidy measurements. It is recommended to use fresh samples and to filter the samples before use and measure immediately. Dried pollen samples should be rehydrated before measurement. Pollen and microspores are complex particles influenced by many factors that can have an effect on the outcome of the measurements. Therefore, the use of AF buffers is no guarantee for results.

Overview	Typical buffer recommendation and other information
Monocotyledonae	AF6
cereals (e.g. wheat, rye, barley)	E-chip 250 µm, attention: short pollen life time, pollen may burst
AF buffer recommendations	for pollen viability: column "AF buffer pollen"   for microspores: column "AF buffer microspore"   for other purposes: try "alternative AF buffers", too
sticky pollen	add 0.05 to 0.1%Tween 20 or 80

#### Recommendations for chips, filters and settings for Ampha Z30 or Z32

Pollen size	AmphaChip	Filter	Trigger	Frequency	Modulat.	Amplificat.	Demodulat.		
10-20 µm	F 80 µm	30/50 µm	0.05 x+	2 MHz	4	6	1 or 2	(or: 5-5-0)	
20-30 µm	F 80 µm	50 µm	0.05 or 0.1 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	2	C 22 23 2	
20-30 µm	D 120 µm	50 µm	0.05 or 0.1 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	4	6	1 or 2		
30-40 µm	D 120 µm	50 µm	0.1 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	1 or 2		
40-50 µm	D 120 µm	70 µm (100 µm low conc!)	0.1 x+	1 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	1	1	
40-70 µm	E 250 µm	100 µm	0.1 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	2		
70-90 µm	E 250 µm	100 µm	0.1 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	1	1	
90-130 µm	E 250 µm	150 µm	0.2 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	3	6	0		
130-160 µm	E 250 µm	200 µm (low conc!) *	0.2 x+	2 MHz (0.5 MHz y-)	2	6	0		

Species	English	German Family Class		Class	Size (µm)	Form	AF buffer pollen	AF buffer microspores	alternative AF buffers
Acer campestre	field maple	Feld-Ahorn	Sapindaceae	Dicotyledonae	26	triangular	6		5
Acer platanoides	sycamore maple	Berg-Ahorn	Sapindaceae	Dicotyledonae	32	triangular	6		5
Acer pseudoplatanus	norway maple	Spitz-Ahorn	Sapindaceae	Dicotyledonae	38	triangular	6		5
Actinidia deliciosa	kiwi fruit	Kiwi	Actinidiaceae	Dicotyledonae	40	triangular	5		6
Aesculus hippocastanum	buckeye	Rosskastanie	Sapindaceae	Dicotyledonae	24	round	6		5
Aesculus pavia	red buckeye	Rosskastanie	Sapindaceae	Dicotyledonae	26	round	6		5
Agapanthus	lily of the Nile	Schmucklilie	Amaryllidaceae	Dicotyledonae	55	prolate	6		5
Alcea rosea	hollyhock	Stockrose	Astereaceae	Dicotyledonae	110	round spiny	6		4/2
Allium cepa	onion	Zwiebel	Liliaceae	Monocotyledonae	30	prolate	6		4
Allium giganteum	giant onion	Zierlauch	Liliaceae	Monocotyledonae	35	prolate	6		4
Allium porrum	leek	Lauch	Liliaceae	Monocotyledonae	30	prolate	6		4
Allium schoenoprasum	chive	Schnittlauch	Liliaceae	Monocotyledonae	26	prolate	6		4
Allium ursinum	wild garlic	Bärlauch	Liliaceae	Monocotyledonae	30	prolate	6		4



Amphasys

- Work with standardized protocols if you want to compare results
  - Buffer, Chip Type, Settings, Filter Size, Sample Preparation Methodology
- Know the stability of the cells in the buffer
- Add 0.05 % Tween 20 to the buffer aliquot for hydrophobic cells
- Treat your cells gently
  - Do not forcefully squeeze anthers with a pistil in order to release pollen
- Prepare the sample as clean as possible
  - Minimize the amount of debris
  - Use cells in the most pure form without other confounding particles, dust, debris...
- Check the buffer quality
  - Clear solution, no microbial growth
  - Buffer equilibrated to room temperature
- Use appropriate cell concentrations to minimize the risk of chip clogging while still being able to acquire high cell numbers in a short time



#### From Sample to Result - Optimizing the Experimental Setup



- Note: AmphaSoft 2.0 has default instrument settings, which work fine for 95 % of the applications (given an optimal sampling and sample preparation method according to the Amphasys recommendations).
- The AmphaSoft default settings are chip type specific and robust. They should cover variations of the following factors:
  - Chip Type (Amphasys Chips)
  - Buffer Composition (AmphaFluid Buffers)
  - Hydration Status of the Cell
  - Residence Time in Buffer
- In case an application does not yield satisfactory results, it may be worthwhile optimizing parameters, e.g. the measurement frequency. This is an advanced task, as changing one parameter may require adjusting multiple other parameters. For experienced users, optimizing settings is straightforward. But it requires a good understanding of all measurement parameters and their implications on each other.

# From Sample to Result - Experimental Setup



- The experimental setup mostly aims at providing a good resolution between cell subpopulations, e.g. viable and dead cells
- Factors affecting the discrimination between cellular subpopulations as previously mentioned are:
  - Chip Type (very important)
    - Better discrimination for higher particle-to-channel size ratios
  - Buffer Composition (very important)
    - The buffer affects signal-to-noise ratio, resolution of populations and the optimum analysis frequency
  - Measurement Frequency (important)
    - Optimum frequency depends on application, e.g. viability or ploidy
  - Hydration status of the cell, e.g. after storage (sometimes important)
    - Dehydrated and frozen cells sometimes behave like dead cells
  - Residence time in buffer (not so important)
    - Electrical properties of cells change with increasing residence time



#### Chip Cell-to-channel size ratio



Buffer Composition



#### Electric Field Frequency



- Higher cell-to-channel size ratios result in higher signal-to-noise and better resolution between cell subpopulations
- Higher cell-to-channel size ratios also increase the risk of chip clogging
- Chip type depends on cell diameter (is given for an application)
- Default instrument settings are chip type specific (typically no need for optimizations)

- The buffer composition influences the signal-to-noise ratio and the resolution between cell subpopulations
- The optimum analysis frequency depends on the buffer composition
- Default instrument settings are robust for the use of any Amphasys buffer

- The signal-to-noise ratio decreases for increasing numbers of frequencies simultaneously applied
- 2 frequencies are recommended for most applications
- Changing the triggering frequency (by default the first frequency) typically requires adaptation of other parameters as well (Triggering source, Triggering direction, Level). Only adjust the triggering frequency if necessary.

## From Sample to Result – AmphaSoft Structure



# From Sample to Result - Worklist





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 Always confirm new configurations (Sample name, Chip name, Buffer ID, Stop Conditions...) with [Enter]

AmphaSoft 2.0	w F	leln								
Navigation	Wo	orklist								
Instrument Control Measurements S 1 - Sample 1		Id	Sample Name	Buffer Id	Chip Id	Freq 1 [0.1-30MHz]	Freq 2 [0.1-30MHz]	Note	Done	
5_1 Sumple 1	1	S_1	Sample 1	AF6	D12345 ~	2	12		0	

### From Sample to Result - Reporting



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#### AmphaSoft 2.0 - 150928\_ornamentals-AmphaSoft2.0

Workspace Tools Window Help

Navigation	Work	list								
Instrument Control Measurements S 5 1: 9:207   26:022		Þ	d Sample Name	Buffer Id	Chip Id	Freq 1 [0.1-30MHz]	Freq 2 [0.1-30MHz]	Note	Done	
> S_2; 4'954   28'319	1	S	1 delosperma pink	AF5	D00283	0.5	12		1	
<ul> <li>S_3: 5'200   22'366</li> <li>S_4: 5'678   25'097</li> </ul>	2	S_	2 delosperma pink	AF5	D00283	0.5	12		1	
S_5: 8'178   63'614 S_6: 7'413   31'335	3	S_	3 delosperma pink	AF5	D00283	0.5	12		1	
> S_7: 7'978   37'722	4	S	4 delosperma pink	AF6	D00283	0.5	12		1	
<ul> <li>S_8: 12'931   40'56!</li> <li>S_9: 2'398   5'429</li> </ul>	5	S_	5 delosperma gelb	AF5	D00283	0.5	12		1	
> S_10: 2'054   4'185	6	S_	6 delosperma gelb	AF6	D00283	0.5	12		1	
> S_12: 1'961   2'127	7	S_	7 delosperma weiss	AF5	D00283	0.5	12		1	
> 5_13: 10'168   64'8:	8	S_	8 delosperma weiss	AF6	D00283	0.5	12		1	
	9	<u>S</u>	9 campanula	AF5	D00283	0.5	12	old flower	1	
	10	S_	10 campanula	AF6	D00283	0.5	12	old flower	1	
	11	S_	11 armeria grasnelke	AF5	D00283	0.5	12	old	1	
	12	S_	12 armeria grasnelke	AF6	D00283	0.5	12	old	1	
	13	S_	13 oil palm	AF6	D00283	0.5	12		1	
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### From Sample to Result - Data Visualization





### From Sample to Result - Reporting



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#### AmphaSoft 2.0 - 150928\_ornamentals-AmphaSoft2.0 0 Workspace Tools Window Help B + - I D **1** Worklist Navigation Instrument Control Freq 1 Freq 2 Id ✓ Measurements Sample Name Buffer Id Chip Id Note Done [0.1-30MHz] [0.1-30MHz] > S\_1: 8'207 | 26'923 D00283 delosperma pink AF5 0.5 12 1 > S\_2; 4'954 | 28'319 1 S\_1 > S\_3: 5'200 | 22'366 AF5 D00283 0.5 12 1 2 S\_2 delosperma pink > S\_4: 5'678 | 25'097 > S\_5: 8'178 | 63'614 S\_3 delosperma pink AF5 D00283 0.5 12 1 3 > S\_6: 7'413 | 31'335 S\_4 delosperma pink AF6 D00283 0.5 12 1 > S\_7: 7'978 | 37'722 4 > S\_8: 12'931 | 40'56 5 S\_5 delosperma gelb AF5 D00283 0.5 12 1 > S\_9: 2'398 | 5'429 > S\_10: 2'054 | 4'185 6 S\_6 delosperma gelb AF6 D00283 0.5 12 1 > S\_11: 820 | 732 > \$ 12; 1'961 | 2'127 7 S\_7 delosperma weiss AF5 D00283 0.5 12 1 > S\_13: 10'168 | 64'8 D00283 12 1 S\_8 delosperma weiss AF6 0.5 8 AF5 D00283 0.5 12 old flower 1 9 S\_9 campanula S 10 campanula AF6 D00283 0.5 12 old flower 1 10 S\_11 AF5 D00283 0.5 12 old 1 11 armeria grasnelke 12 S 12 armeria grasnelke AF6 D00283 0.5 12 old 1 13 S\_13 oil palm AF6 D00283 0.5 12 1 Create your reports here Measurements + - 1 🖨 Settings +/-Report Layout Comparison Offline

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#### From sample to Result - Reports

Amphasys

.csv or .html-file

READY

Comparison or Measurment sorted

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	Settings													
1	Id S	Sample Na	Buffer Id	Chip Id	Freq 1 [0.1	Freq 2 [0.1	Trig Level	Mod [1-5]	Ampl [1-8	Dem [0-8]	Note	Done	Report	
	S_1 \	Wheat via	AmphaCalib	E00231	2	12	0.1	3	6	2		0	1	
	S_2 \	Wheat via	AF6	E00231	2	12	0.1	3	6	2		1	. 1	
D	S_3 \	Wheat via	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	. 1	
	S_4 \	Wheat de	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	. 1	
2	S_5 \	Wheat mi	AmphaCalib	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	. 1	
3	S_6 \	Wheat mi	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	. 1	
4	S_7 \	Wheat de	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		0	1	
5														
6	Results													
7	Id S	Sample Na	Date/Time	Duration[	Concentra	MeanFlov	MeasVol[	Accepted	Rejected[	%]				
8	S_2 \	Wheat via	09/05/2017 11:19	00:35	2054	2402.5	1403	2882	3.2					
9	S_3 \	Wheat via	09/05/2017 11:30	01:30	4725	473.5	711.6	3363	4.3					
D	S_4 \	Wheat de	09/05/2017 11:52	01:41	4069	483.1	814.6	3315	7.6					
1	S_5 \	Wheat mi	09/05/2017 11:38	01:43	10809	448.2	770.4	8328	4.1					
2	S_6	Wheat mi	09/05/2017 11:55	02:26	16319	480.5	1170.7	19105	4					
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0		sampte Na	UL-COUNT	0L[%]	UL[Cells/n	UR-Count	UR[%]	UR[Cells/r	LK-Count	LK[%]	LK[Cells/m	LL-Count	LL[%]	LL[CEIIS/ml]
/	5_3 \	wneat via	1115	33.15	1566	937	27.86	1316	927	27.56	1302	384	11.43	539
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2	Cross Gatin	a @ 12.00	MU7											
•	Id of the second	ig @ 12.00 Sample N	III-Count	111 [%]	LIL Colle /n	LIR-Count	118[%]	LIR[colls/s	IR-Court	18[%]	I Ricolls /~	II-Court	11[%]	LL fcolls/ml1
6	53 1	Wheat via	1100	35.00	1659	gee	26.25	1245	go1	27.69	1209	266	10 99	51/
7	S 4 1	Wheat de	1100	37.04	1507	108	3.26	132	16/19	49.74	2024	330	9.96	405
•	~_ <b>~</b>		1220	57.04	1.507	100	5.20	132	1045	-2.74	2024	550	5.50	



S\_6

#### AmphaSoft 2.0 Measurement Report

 SW Version:
 2.1.2.0

 Workspace:
 Date/Time:

 Freitag 12-Jan-2018 11:58

 Measurements:
 Settings Results Gating Statistics Gating Views

#### Settings

Id	Sample Name	Buffer Id	Chip Id	Freq 1 [0.1-30MHz]	Freq 2 [0.1-30MHz]	Trig Level [0.0001-20V]	Mod [1-5]	Ampl [1-8]	Dem [0-8]	Note	Done	Report
S_1	Wheat viable	AmphaCalib	E00231	2	12	0.1	3	6	2		0	1
S_2	Wheat viable	AF6	E00231	2	12	0.1	3	6	2		1	1
S_3	Wheat viable	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	1
s_4	Wheat dead	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	1
S_5	Wheat microspore bicell / 3	AmphaCalib	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	1
S_6	Wheat mix	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		1	1
s_7	Wheat dead	AF6	D00342	2	12	0.05	3	6	1		0	1

#### Results

Sample Name	Date/Time	Duration[mm:ss]	Concentration[cells/ml]	MeanFlow[ul/min]	MeasVol[ul]	Accepted	Rejected[%]
Wheat viable	09-Mai-2017 11:19:48	00:35	2'054	2402.5	1403.0	2'882	3.2
Wheat viable	09-Mai-2017 11:30:00	01:30	4'725	473.5	711.6	3'363	4.3
Wheat dead	09-Mai-2017 11:52:54	01:41	4'069	483.1	814.6	3'315	7.6
Wheat microspore bicell / 3	09-Mai-2017 11:38:26	01:43	10'809	448.2	770.4	8'328	4.1
Wheat mix	09-Mai-2017 11:55:58	02:26	16'319	480.5	1170.7	19'105	4

### From Sample to Result - Advanced window



# Maintenance – The best way to prevent errors





# Maintenance – Instrument Shutdown



- Cleaning of the fluidics with AmphaClean solution
- After each series of measurements, at the end of the day
- Can be performed with
  - Measurement Chip
  - Cleaning Chip
- Procedure
  - Configure correct chip
  - Open the Basic tab and check Cleaning
  - Press Start Rinsing and follow the instructions
    - Place a beaker below the sample aspiration tube > Confirm
    - Check bottles > Confirm
    - Place a sample of AmphaClean > Confirm
    - Remove the AmphaClean tube and place a beaker > Confirm
- At the end, empty waste bottle, click *Disconnect* in the *Admin* tab and switch off the instrument

References Ampha Z32 User Guide, Maintenance





- Disinfecting the instrument fluidics with 70 % ethanol
- On a regular basis, e.g. once per month or when the instrument will be idle for a longer period
- Can be performed with the Cleaning Chip only (!), as measurement chips are not compatible with organic solvents
- Procedure
  - Create a new measurement in the Worklist
  - Open the newly created measurement in the left panel, e.g. S\_10
  - Configure Cleaning chip in the Measurement tab
  - Open the Basic tab and check Disinfection
  - Press Start Rinsing and follow the instructions
    - Place a beaker > Confirm
    - Check bottles > Confirm
    - Place a sample of 70 % ethanol > Confirm
    - Remove the ethanol tube and place a beaker > Confirm

References Ampha Z32 User Guide, Maintenance





# Maintenance - Storage

#### **Measurement Chips**

- Store in a dark and dry environment
- Regular Chip Tests to ensure measurement validity

#### Buffers

- Store in the fridge at 4°C
- Check the quality before using
  - Clean solution, no solids
  - No fungal growth
- Use aliquots for measurements, e.g. in 50 ml Falcon tubes
- Use buffers only after equilibrating to room temperature

References Ampha Z32 User Guide, Setting up the Ampha Z32 Impedance Flow Cytometer









- Daily
  - Cleaning with AmphaClean
    - Measurement Chip or Wash Chip
    - Basic Tab > Cleaning > Start Rinsing
- Weekly
  - Cleaning with 70 % ethanol
    - Wash Chip only
    - Basic Tab > Disinfection > Start Rinsing
- Monthly or if requested
  - Check impedance of chips
    - Tools > Chip Test > Select Chip > Plug AmphaCalib sample > Start
- Quarterly
  - Replace tubing set
- Anually
  - Service contracts

# Maintenance – Annual Service Contracts



	Support and Ma	aintenance Plan	
		Standard	Profess.
А	Support for the use of the System	x	х
	Response Time for Support requests	2 days	24 hrs
	Telephone hotline for critical issues		x
В	One on-site visit per year with operational check and Maintenance of the Instrument and Software, including:	x	x
	<ul> <li>Installation of Software and Firmware Updates</li> <li>Explanation and training of new functions</li> <li>Exchange of fluidic set (material included)</li> <li>Clean valves</li> <li>Clean chip head and driver board</li> <li>Check correct valve functions</li> <li>Check of pump, grease if necessary</li> <li>Check of all interior tubes</li> <li>Check pressure spring (correct pressure and smoothness of travel)</li> <li>Check of Software and Firmware Updates</li> <li>Check of software and Firmware Updates</li> <li>Check of software and training of new functions</li> <li>Check of pump, grease if necessary</li> <li>Check of all interior tubes</li> <li>Check pressure spring (correct pressure and smoothness of travel)</li> <li>Check of the software and smoothness of travel</li> </ul>		
B'	Replacement of all interior tubes (material included)	x	x
С	Materials for quarterly maintenance included	x	x
D	Questions and answers workshop	x	x
E	Expert training	x	x
F	All service materials and work time included		x
G	Free consumables (buffers) and free replacement of out-of-spec chips		x
н	Free replacement Instrument (express shipping)		x
I	Extended Warranty during term of Agreement		x
J	Free Amphacademy participations	2	any



- Price for Professional Contract 5'400 CHF
- Price for Standard Contract 3'200 CHF
- Majority of customers decide for a maintenance plan
  - ~ 60% Professional; 40% Standard

# **Tips and Tricks**



#### **Chip Clogging**

- Stop the measurement | Click TWICE!
- Remove the chip
- Unclog the chip using the wash station
- Re-insert the chip
- Re-attach the tubing if disconnected
- Perform a rinsing

#### **Cleaning the chip block**

- Syringe with soft tip
- Left and right port of chip block
  - Remove silicone tubing for left port
- Carefully, do not apply to much pressure

References Ampha Z32 User Guide, Maintenance





#### Valves

- Test valves before measuring
  - Go to the Advanced tab
  - In the Valve section, click the two boxes for the left and right valves
- In case the valves are blocked/ moving slowly: rinse them with water according to the instructions in the user manual
- In case valves are not moving at all: Check the cables in the back of the instrument

#### Water bottle

Exchange deionized water on a regular basis

#### Waste bottle

Empty and clean bottle after every use

References Ampha Z32 User Guide, Tips & Tricks Ampha Z32 User Guide, Maintenance



#### Field Use

- Please use only Amphasys batteries
  - Check the battery status using the Check button
  - Recharge when only 1 LED is on
  - When the battery is fully charged, the 4 LEDs turn off
- I Do not use power generators to power the instrument, as can produce voltage spikes !
- Work in an environment protected from high temperatures, direct sunlight, dust, rain, high humidity...
- Pack and transport the instrument carefully

References Amphasis battery pack user guide

# Further information



- Pollen list with buffer, filter and chip recommendations <u>www.amphasys.com/download</u>
- Tutorial movies <u>www.amphasys.com/tutorials</u>
- Ampha Z32 User Guide <u>www.amphasys.com/download</u> or in AmphaSoft under *Help*
- AmphaSoft 2.0 User Guide <u>www.amphasys.com/download</u> or in AmphaSoft under *Help*
- Online help, Tips and Tricks <u>www.amphasys.com/download</u>
- News

www.amphasys.com/news and www.linkedin.com/company/amphasys

Contact us!

Amphasys Support - Who you gonna call?



- If all your efforts cannot solve the issue
- support@amphasys.com
- Ensure you have all the data (WS, brief history of the error, pictures, your efforts so far) ready <u>before</u> appraoching us [<u>We will ask for that!</u>]
- Having everything ready at your first approach saves a lot of time

### Your Contacts





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